

2011

2012

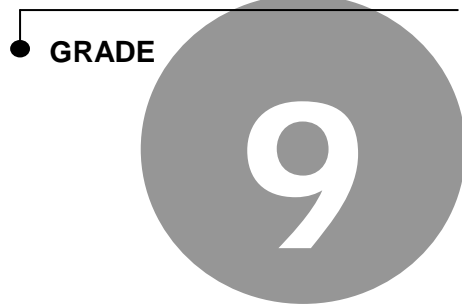
# Grade 9

## Curriculum Handbook for Parents

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# Curriculum Handbook for Parents

**2011–2012**

This Curriculum Handbook provides parents with information about the Grade 9 curriculum. It includes:

- selected learning outcomes for each subject area from the provincial curriculum
- links to the Alberta Education website where more information can be found
- a questionnaire.

**Note:** In an effort to enhance communication with parents, Alberta Education will be replacing this print document with a new, online, digital parent resource with a printable component. You may access this new parent resource by visiting the Alberta Education website at <http://education.alberta.ca/parents.aspx>.

# Alberta Education

This document, along with most Alberta Education documents, can be found on the website at <http://education.alberta.ca>.

Parent documents referenced in this handbook, along with most Alberta Education documents, are available for purchase from:

Learning Resources Centre  
12360 – 142 Street  
Edmonton, Alberta, Canada, T5L 4X9  
Telephone: 780-427-2767  
Toll-free: 310-0000 (inside Alberta)  
Fax: 780-422-9750  
Internet: <http://lrc.education.gov.ab.ca/pro/default.html>

Telephone numbers referred to in this handbook can be reached, toll-free inside Alberta, by dialling 310-0000.

Arts, Communications and Citizenship  
Telephone: 780-427-2984  
Fax: 780-422-0576  
E-mail: [curric.contact@education.gov.ab.ca](mailto:curric.contact@education.gov.ab.ca)

French Language Education Services  
Telephone: 780-427-2940  
Fax: 780-422-1947  
E-mail: [LSB@edc.gov.ab.ca](mailto:LSB@edc.gov.ab.ca)

Digital Design and Resource Authorization  
Telephone: 780-422-3244  
Fax: 780-422-9157  
E-mail: [curric.contact@education.gov.ab.ca](mailto:curric.contact@education.gov.ab.ca)

Inclusive Learning Supports  
Telephone: 780-422-6326  
Fax: 780-422-2039  
E-mail: [inclusivelearningsupports@gov.ab.ca](mailto:inclusivelearningsupports@gov.ab.ca)

Distributed Learning  
Telephone: 780-674-5350  
Fax: 780-674-6561  
E-mail: [DLB.General@gov.ab.ca](mailto:DLB.General@gov.ab.ca)

Learner Assessment  
Telephone: 780-427-0010  
Fax: 780-422-4200  
E-mail: [LAcontact@edc.gov.ab.ca](mailto:LAcontact@edc.gov.ab.ca)

First Nations, Métis and Inuit Services  
Telephone: 780-415-9300  
Fax: 780-415-9306  
E-mail: [FNMISServices@gov.ab.ca](mailto:FNMISServices@gov.ab.ca)

Mathematics and Sciences  
Telephone: 780-427-2984  
Fax: 780-422-3745  
E-mail: [curric.contact@education.gov.ab.ca](mailto:curric.contact@education.gov.ab.ca)

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## *Message from the* **Minister of Education**

The government of Alberta is committed to providing quality educational opportunities for all students in our province, with the success of each student being the highest priority. Our children and youth must come first – every day – without exception.

This bright future is possible, but it requires all of us to take bold steps as we rethink our notions about what education means in the 21<sup>st</sup> century.

Through our various public engagement initiatives, Albertans from all walks of life are engaged in formal and informal conversations about how we can continue to build a strong education system in this province. In speaking with parents and parent groups, I have also heard that we must be prepared to think through how we maximize our resources in education and transform what we do, so we can support students in all aspects of their learning.

Part of this change involves how we communicate to parents and, in particular, how we communicate about what their child is expected to learn at each stage of his or her educational journey. To respond to this need, we are developing a new online resource for parents that will expand our reach into schools and communities across Alberta.

We will transition from the present *Curriculum Handbook for Parents* to an enhanced digital resource in 2012. *Grade-at-a-Glance* will still be available to parents and others in a printed format.

It is my belief that students benefit when parents actively engage in their children's learning because together, both have a solid understanding of the tasks, challenges and rewards offered through our program of studies. You play an integral role in your child's education by providing the encouragement and support he or she needs to succeed.

This curriculum overview is a valuable resource that will answer many questions you may have about what your child is learning. I also hope this resource will help contribute to opportunities for open dialogue between you, your child and your child's teacher regarding curriculum outcomes and expectations.

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Dave Hancock, Q.C.  
Minister

## ▶ Introduction

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Website links for further information are provided throughout the handbook.

Students learn in a variety of environments—in their homes, schools and communities. Parents, teachers and community members form a partnership to assist this learning.

When parents know what children are studying at school, they can provide better home support for their children’s learning. The *Curriculum Handbooks for Parents* are designed to assist parents in participating in their child’s education by fostering an understanding of what students learn at each grade level.

### Finding Information

Parents can find information about the curriculum and learning resources in a number of ways:

- Contact teachers or school administrators.
- **Curriculum Handbooks** contain selected outcomes for each subject area from the Alberta programs of study. They provide a more detailed picture of each year. This Curriculum Handbook is one of a set from Kindergarten to senior high school produced in general and Catholic versions and in French. They are available on the Alberta Education website or for purchase from the Learning Resources Centre (LRC).
- **Curriculum Summaries** for each grade level provide a brief overview of each year. The summaries are available on the Alberta Education website.

<http://education.alberta.ca/parents/resources/handbook.aspx>

<http://education.alberta.ca/parents/resources/summaries.aspx>

<http://education.alberta.ca/teachers/program.aspx>

<http://education.alberta.ca/apps/lrdb>

<http://education.alberta.ca>

- In Alberta, the provincial curriculum is organized into **Programs of Study**. They contain learning outcomes for each subject area from Kindergarten to Grade 12. They are legal documents that outline why the educational program is offered, what students are expected to learn and the basic principles about how students are to achieve the required knowledge, skills and attitudes. School authorities use the **Programs of Study** to ensure that students meet provincial standards of achievement. However, they have flexibility to decide how to teach the curriculum and the order in which it is taught. They are available on the Alberta Education website or for purchase from the Learning Resources Centre (LRC).
- The Authorized Resources Database on the Alberta Education website lists **Alberta authorized student and teacher resources**, most of which are available for purchase from the LRC.
- The **Alberta Education website** contains information on learning from the early years to adulthood.

## Helping Your Child at Home

Here are some important pointers for you to help your child learn.

- Be positive and encouraging in your approach to learning. It will help your child feel confident and enthusiastic about success.
- Talk to your child about schoolwork and help with homework when you can.
- Help your child set realistic goals and discuss progress in an encouraging way.
- Connect your child's schoolwork with everyday life and use these opportunities for problem solving in everyday situations.
- Keep in touch with teachers about your child's progress, including successes and achievements, not just concerns.

The following resources may help you. Check your child's school for availability.

These resources are available for purchase from the Learning Resources Centre (LRC). Order online at <http://lrc.education.gov.ab.ca/pro/default.html>

- *Make School Work for You: A Resource for Junior and Senior High Students Who Want to Be More Successful Learners*— Information on knowing yourself, getting organized, making every class count, test taking, presenting learning, getting along with others and staying motivated.



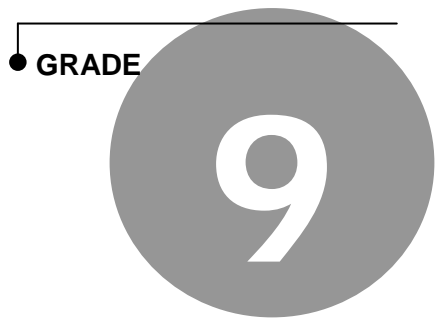
- *The Parent Advantage: Helping Children Become More Successful Learners at Home and School, Grades 1–9*—Strategies parents can use to help their child improve organizational, reading, writing, spelling, mathematical, test taking and project skills at the grades 1–9 levels.
- *LearnAlberta.ca* website—Online multimedia learning resources that directly relate to the Alberta programs of study.
- *TELUS 2Learn* website—An education/business partnership that provides Internet in-service, support and information for Alberta teachers, students and parents.

<http://learnalberta.ca>

<http://www.2learn.ca>

### **Information Regarding the *Alberta Human Rights Act***

On September 1, 2010, section 11.1 of the *Alberta Human Rights Act* comes into force. This section requires boards (including charter schools) to provide parents with notice where “courses of study, educational programs or instructional materials, or instruction or exercises ... include subject matter that deals primarily and explicitly with religion, human sexuality or sexual orientation.” Where a parent makes a written request, teachers shall exempt the student, without academic penalty, from such instruction, course of study, educational program or use of instructional material. These requirements do not apply to incidental or indirect references to religion, religious themes, human sexuality or sexual orientation. For more information, refer to the [Guide to Education: ECS to Grade 12](#).



In Grade 9, students study required subject areas. They also choose optional courses that give them the chance to explore areas of interest and career possibilities. Students have access to a minimum of 950 hours of instruction each school year.

## Overview

The Grade 9 Alberta program of studies for each subject area sets out general outcomes or topics that provide an overview of the important learnings students accomplish. Specific outcomes are included for each general outcome or topic and state in detail the knowledge, skills and attitudes students are working toward achieving.

View the programs of study at <http://education.alberta.ca/teachers/program.aspx>

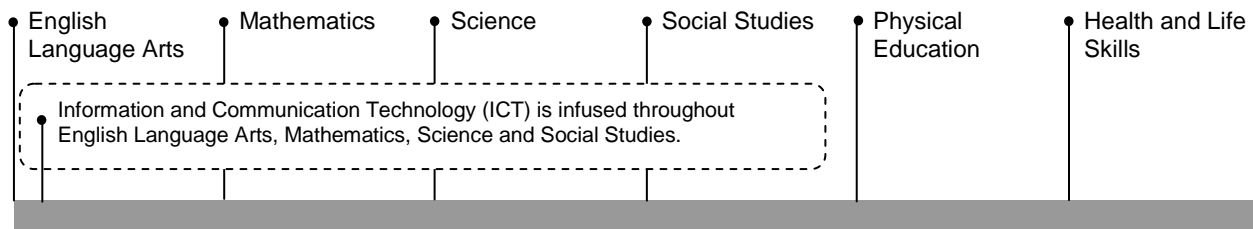
Purchase programs of study from the Learning Resources Centre (LRC). Order online at <http://lrc.education.gov.ab.ca/pro/default.html>

This handbook contains:

- the general outcomes or topics for each subject area
- selected specific outcomes for most subject areas.

The programs of study, which include all the general and specific outcomes, are available on the Alberta Education website or for purchase from the Learning Resources Centre (LRC).

### GRADE 9: [REQUIRED SUBJECT AREAS]



### GRADE 9: [OPTIONAL SUBJECT AREAS]



\* Students in French immersion programs and bilingual programs in other languages take English language arts as well as language arts in the target language.

## ▶ Information and Communication Technology (ICT)

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View the information and communication technology subject page at <http://education.alberta.ca/teachers/program/ict.aspx>

ICT is learned most effectively in the context of subject areas, therefore, the ICT curriculum is best infused within the teaching of other programs of study such as language arts, mathematics, science and social studies. Through ICT, students learn how to use and apply a variety of information and communication technologies; the nature of technology and the importance of technology in daily life.

**ICT learning outcomes have been established for each division. The following is a sample of the Division 3 learning outcomes that students are expected to meet by the end of Grade 9.**

### **Communicating, Inquiring, Decision Making and Problem Solving**

- evaluate the authority and reliability of electronic sources
- develop a process to manage volumes of information that can be made available through electronic sources

### **Foundational Operations, Knowledge and Concepts**

- explain the issues involved in balancing the right to access information with the right to personal privacy
- recognize that the ability of technology to manipulate images and sound can alter the meaning of a communication

### **Processes for Productivity**

- use advanced word processing menu features to accomplish a task; for example, insert a table, graph or text from another document
- demonstrate proficient use of various information retrieval technologies

## ► First Nations, Métis and Inuit Education

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<http://education.alberta.ca/teachers/fnmi.aspx>

<http://education.alberta.ca/teachers/fnmi/policies.aspx>

First Nations, Métis and Inuit peoples throughout the province have indicated they want their children to complete regular school requirements and achieve the same standards as set for all students in Alberta. Alberta Education shares this goal with parents. The First Nations, Métis and Inuit (FNMI) Education Policy Framework (2002) provides further information.

To support the learning of First Nations, Métis and Inuit students, schools are encouraged to use learning resources that include First Nations, Métis and Inuit perspectives. All students in Alberta need to understand and be aware of First Nations, Métis and Inuit history, culture, lifestyles and heritage. First Nations, Métis and Inuit (FNMI) perspectives are infused into the existing Kindergarten to Grade 12 programs of study. Student and teacher resources have been developed by Alberta Education to support the inclusion of FNMI content in teaching and learning.

Both provincially and locally authorized Blackfoot and Cree language and culture courses are offered in the province.

## ► English Language Learners

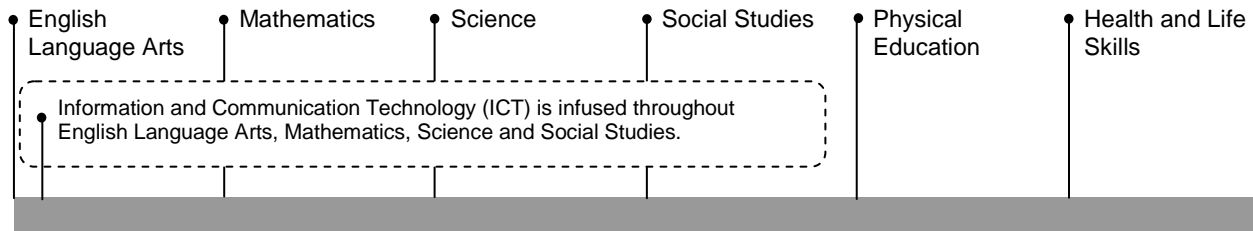
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<http://education.alberta.ca/teachers/program/esl.aspx>

Many children born in Canada have a first language other than English and many students move here from countries where English is not the primary language. These English language learners require English as a second language (ESL) programming and supports to achieve grade level expectations in all subject areas.

▼ The **required subject areas** are the foundation of the junior high school program.

## GRADE 9: [REQUIRED SUBJECT AREAS]



## English Language Arts

View the English language arts subject page at <http://education.alberta.ca/teachers/program/english.aspx>

View the English language arts digital resources on the LearnAlberta.ca website at <http://learnalberta.ca>

There are two basic aims of English language arts. One aim is to encourage, in students, an understanding and appreciation of the significance and artistry of literature. A second aim is to enable each student to understand and appreciate language and to use it confidently and competently for a variety of purposes, with diverse audiences and in a range of situations for communication, personal satisfaction and learning.

From Kindergarten to Grade 12, students are developing knowledge, skills and attitudes in six language arts: Listening and Speaking; Reading and Writing; Viewing and Representing. Students learn to compose, comprehend and respond to oral, print and other media texts. They experience a variety of texts from many cultural traditions.

**The following learning outcomes are selected from the Grade 9 English Language Arts Program of Studies.**

### Explore thoughts, ideas, feelings and experiences

- talk with others and experience a variety of oral, print and other media texts to explore, develop and justify own opinions and points of view
- reflect on own growth in language learning and use, by considering progress over time and the attainment of personal goals
- integrate own perspectives and interpretations with new understandings developed through discussing and through experiencing a variety of oral, print and other media texts

- examine and re-examine ideas, information and experiences from different points of view to find patterns and see relationships

### **Comprehend and respond personally and critically to oral, print and other media texts**

- discuss how interpretations of the same text might vary, according to the prior knowledge and experiences of various readers
- identify explicit and implicit ideas and information in texts; listen and respond to various interpretations of the same text
- apply and explain effective procedures for identifying and comprehending words in context; adjust procedures according to the purpose for reading and the complexity of the texts
- identify and discuss theme and point of view in oral, print and other media texts
- identify ways that a change in narrator might affect the overall meaning of oral, print and other media texts
- create oral, print and other media texts that interrelate plot, setting and character, and reveal the significance of the action

### **Manage ideas and information**

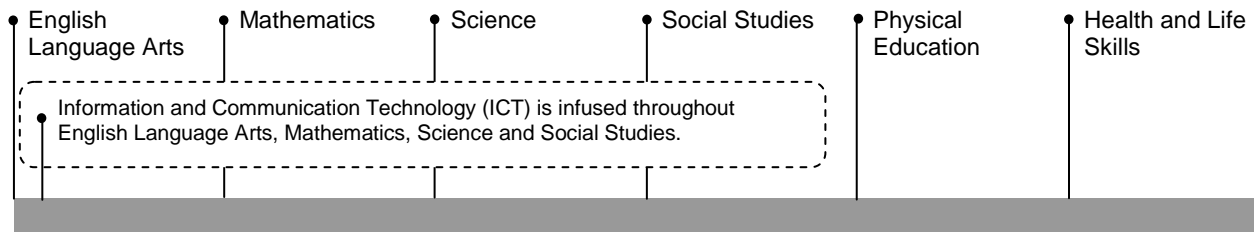
- synthesize ideas and information from a variety of sources to develop own opinions, points of view and general impressions
- select types and sources of information to achieve an effective balance between researched information and own ideas
- distinguish between primary and secondary sources, and determine the usefulness of each for research purposes
- use own words to summarize and record information in a variety of forms; paraphrase and/or quote relevant facts and opinions; reference sources
- communicate ideas and information in a variety of oral, print and other media texts, such as media scripts, multimedia presentations, panel discussions and articles
- reflect on the research process, identifying areas of strength and ways to improve further research activities

**Enhance the clarity and artistry of communication**

- revise to ensure effective introductions, consistent points of view, effective transitions between ideas and appropriate conclusions
- develop personal handwriting styles appropriate for a variety of purposes
- identify and experiment with some principles of design that enhance the presentation of texts
- use a variety of strategies to make effective transitions between sentences and paragraphs in own writing
- demonstrate the deliberate, conscientious and independent application of a variety of editing and proofreading strategies to confirm spellings in own writing
- select, organize and present information to appeal to the interests and background knowledge of various readers or audiences
- follow the train of thought, and evaluate the credibility of the presenter and the evidence provided

**Respect, support and collaborate with others**

- analyze how oral, print and other media texts reflect the traditions, beliefs and technologies of different cultures, communities or periods in history
- create or use oral, print and other media texts in ways that are respectful of people, opinions, communities and cultures
- contribute to group efforts to reach consensus or conclusions, by engaging in dialogue to understand the ideas and viewpoints of others
- share responsibility for the completion of team projects by establishing clear purpose and procedures for solving problems, monitoring progress and making modifications to meet stated objectives

**GRADE 9: [REQUIRED SUBJECT AREAS]****Mathematics**

View the mathematics subject page at <http://education.alberta.ca/teachers/program/math.aspx>

View the mathematics digital resources on the LearnAlberta.ca website at <http://learnalberta.ca>

The aim of the mathematics program is to prepare students to:

- use mathematics confidently to solve problems
- communicate and reason mathematically
- appreciate and value mathematics
- commit themselves to lifelong learning
- become mathematically literate adults, using mathematics to contribute to society.

Students who have met these goals will:

- gain understanding and appreciation of the contributions of mathematics as a science, philosophy and art
- exhibit a positive attitude towards mathematics
- engage and persevere in mathematical tasks and projects
- contribute to mathematical discussions
- take risks in performing mathematical tasks
- exhibit curiosity.



The following learning outcomes are selected from the Grade 9 Mathematics Program of Studies.

### Number

- demonstrate an understanding of operations on powers with integral bases (excluding base 0) and whole number exponents:
  - $(a^m)(a^n) = a^{m+n}$
  - $a^m \div a^n = a^{m-n}, m > n$
  - $(a^m)^n = a^{mn}$
  - $(ab)^m = a^m b^m$
  - $\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^n = \frac{a^n}{b^n}, b \neq 0$

### Patterns and Relations

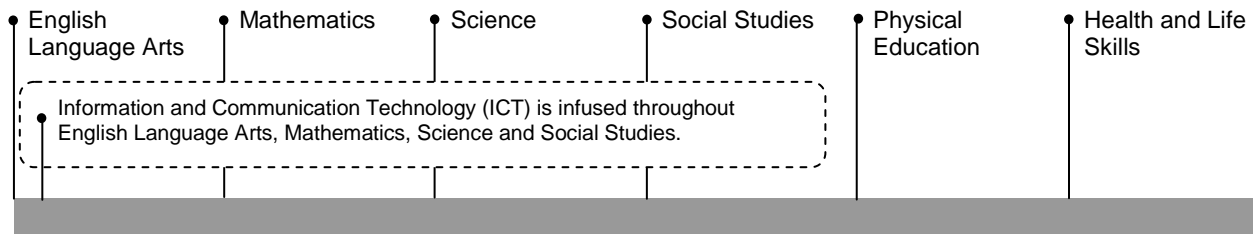
- graph a linear relation, analyze the graph, and interpolate or extrapolate to solve problems
- model, record and explain the operations of multiplication and division of polynomial expressions (limited to polynomials of degree less than or equal to 2) by monomials, concretely, pictorially and symbolically

### Shape and Space

- solve problems and justify the solution strategy, using the following circle properties:
  - the perpendicular from the centre of a circle to a chord bisects the chord
  - the measure of the central angle is equal to twice the measure of the inscribed angle subtended by the same arc
  - the inscribed angles subtended by the same arc are congruent
  - a tangent to a circle is perpendicular to the radius at the point of tangency

### Statistics and Probability

- develop and implement a project plan for the collection, display and analysis of data by:
  - formulating a question for investigation
  - choosing a data collection method that includes social considerations
  - selecting a population or a sample
  - collecting the data
  - displaying the collected data in an appropriate manner
  - drawing conclusions to answer the question

**GRADE 9: [REQUIRED SUBJECT AREAS]****Science**

View the science subject page at <http://education.alberta.ca/teachers/program/science.aspx>

View science digital resources on the LearnAlberta.ca website at <http://learnalberta.ca>

The secondary science program is guided by the vision that all students have the opportunity to develop scientific literacy. The goal of scientific literacy is to develop the science-related knowledge, skills and attitudes that students need to solve problems and make decisions, and at the same time help them become lifelong learners—maintaining their sense of wonder about the world around them.

The program is designed to help students understand the nature and role of science, as well as develop a solid grounding in science knowledge, skills and attitudes. Throughout the program, students learn that:

- science provides an ordered way of studying the natural world
- scientific discovery often leads to the development of new technologies and new technologies can lead to new fields of scientific investigation
- science takes place in a social context and responds to human needs. Science and technology have both intended and unintended consequences for humans and the environment.

**Students study five units during their Grade 9 year. The topics studied and the major outcomes for each are:**

**Biological Diversity**

- investigate the diversity of living things, and describe the role of diversity in species survival
- describe processes for reproduction and for transmission of species characteristics from generation to generation

- describe the role of genetic materials in determining species characteristics, and investigate technologies used to modify species characteristics
- identify ways that human action can affect species variation and species survival, and analyze related issues

### **Matter and Chemical Change**

- investigate materials and describe materials in terms of their physical and chemical properties
- describe and interpret patterns in chemical reactions
- describe ideas used to explain the chemical properties of materials, and identify evidence for these ideas
- use simple chemical nomenclature in describing elements, compounds and chemical reactions

### **Environmental Chemistry**

- investigate and describe the role of chemical substances in environments and living things
- identify processes for measuring the quantity of different substances in the environment for monitoring air and water quality
- analyze and evaluate the distribution and effect of potentially harmful substances within an environment

### **Electrical Principles and Technologies**

- describe the operation of devices that produce electrical energy from other forms of energy, and that convert electrical energy to other forms
- describe technologies used to transfer and control electrical energy
- identify energy inputs and outputs from technological devices, and evaluate the efficiency of energy conversions
- describe the social and environmental implications of electrical energy use

## Space Exploration

- describe how technological developments have advanced human understanding of Earth and space
- describe problems and challenges encountered in developing technologies for space exploration and for life in space
- describe the scientific principles of devices such as optical and radio telescopes, space probes and remote sensing technologies
- identify issues and opportunities resulting from the use of space technology, and analyze some of the issues involved

The program develops **skills** in four major areas:

### Initiating and Planning

Students devise (or make) plans to investigate:

- science-inquiry questions
- practical problems
- science-related issues.

### Performing and Recording

Students conduct investigations through:

- observation
- recording data
- researching information.

### Analyzing and Interpreting

Students develop, analyze and assess possible explanations through:

- data display
- inference
- evaluation.

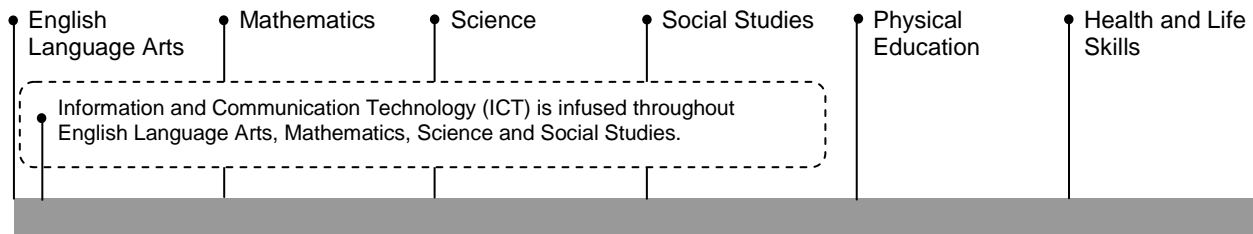
### Communication and Teamwork

Students work collaboratively to:

- communicate questions, ideas, procedures and results
- evaluate individual and group processes
- defend a position or conclusion, based on their findings.

To support their learning, students are encouraged to develop positive **attitudes** in the following six areas:

- continuing interest in science
- respect for the ideas of people with various backgrounds and views
- support for scientific processes
- collaboration with others
- stewardship for the natural environment
- safety in science.

**GRADE 9: [REQUIRED SUBJECT AREAS]****Social Studies**

View the social studies subject page at <http://education.alberta.ca/teachers/program/socialstudies.aspx>

The aim of the social studies program is to promote a sense of belonging and acceptance in students as they engage in active and responsible citizenship. At the heart of Alberta's social studies program are the concepts of citizenship and identity in the Canadian context. It also includes multiple perspectives, including Aboriginal and Francophone, that contribute to Canada's identity. The program also has a strong focus on Canadian and Alberta history.

Grade 9 students will broaden their understanding and appreciation of the relationships among governance, economics, quality of life, citizenship and identity.

Grade 9 students will analyze the relationship between Canada's political and legislative processes and their impact on issues pertaining to governance, rights, citizenship and identity. Students will also explore issues of economics and their impact on quality of life, citizenship and identity in Canada and the United States.

**The following learning outcomes are selected from the Grade 9 Social Studies Program of Studies.**

**Issues for Canadians: Governance and Rights**

Students will demonstrate an understanding and appreciation of how Canada's political processes impact citizenship and identity in an attempt to meet the needs of all Canadians.

**Values and Attitudes**

- appreciate the impact of the Canadian Charter of Rights and Freedoms on rights and governance in Canada
- appreciate the various effects of government policies on citizenship and on Canadian society

**Knowledge and Understanding**

Students will examine the structure of Canada's federal political system by exploring and reflecting upon the following questions and issues:

- How are laws passed in the federal political system?
- To what extent do political and legislative processes meet the needs of all Canadians?

Students will analyze the role that citizens and organizations play in Canada's justice system by exploring and reflecting upon the following questions and issues:

- How do citizens and organizations participate in Canada's justice system (i.e., jury duty, knowing the law, advocacy, John Howard Society, Elizabeth Fry Society)?

Students will assess, critically, the impact of the Canadian Charter of Rights and Freedoms on the legislative process in Canada by exploring and reflecting upon the following questions and issues:

- In what ways has the Canadian Charter of Rights and Freedoms fostered recognition of individual rights in Canada?
- What is the relationship between the rights guaranteed in the Canadian Charter of Rights and Freedoms and the responsibilities of Canadian citizens?

Students will assess, critically, how the increased demand for recognition of collective rights has impacted the legislative process in Canada by exploring and reflecting upon the following questions and issues:

- In what ways has the Canadian Charter of Rights and Freedoms fostered recognition of collective rights in Canada?
- To what extent should federal and provincial governments support and promote the rights of official language minorities in Canada?

Students will assess, critically, how legislative processes attempt to address emerging issues of immigration by exploring and reflecting upon the following questions and issues:

- What factors influence immigration policies in Canada (i.e., economic, political, health, security)?
- To what extent does Canada benefit from immigration?

### **Issues for Canadians: Economic Systems in Canada and the United States**

Students will demonstrate an understanding and appreciation of how economic decision making in Canada and the United States impacts quality of life, citizenship and identity.

#### ***Values and Attitudes***

- appreciate the values underlying economic decision making in Canada and the United States
- appreciate the impact of government decision making on quality of life

#### ***Knowledge and Understanding***

Students will compare and contrast the principles and practices of market and mixed economies by exploring and reflecting upon the following questions and issues:

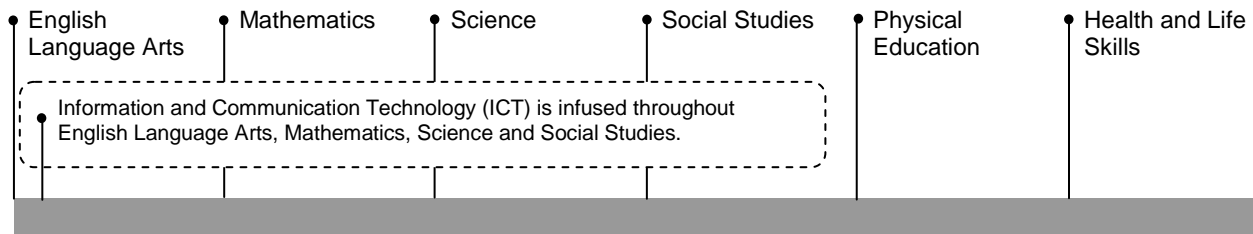
- Why is Canada viewed as having a mixed economy?
- What are some similarities and differences in the way governments in Canada and the United States intervene in the market economies?

Students will assess, critically, the relationship between consumerism and quality of life in Canada and the United States by exploring and reflecting upon the following questions and issues:

- What are the indicators of quality of life?
- To what extent do perspectives regarding consumerism, economic growth and quality of life differ regionally in North America?

Students will assess, critically, the interrelationship between political decisions and economic systems by exploring and reflecting upon the following questions and issues:

- How do the economic platforms of political parties differ from one another (i.e., Democrat versus Republican; Liberal versus Conservative)?
- How do government decisions on environmental issues impact quality of life (i.e., preservation, exploitation and trade of natural resources)?

**GRADE 9: [REQUIRED SUBJECT AREAS]****Physical Education**

View the physical education subject page at <http://education.alberta.ca/teachers/program/pe.aspx>

The aim of the K–12 physical education program is to enable individuals to develop the knowledge, skills and attitudes necessary to lead an active, healthy lifestyle. Students participate in a variety of physical activities: dance, games, types of gymnastics, individual activities and activities in alternative environments, such as aquatics and outdoor pursuits. All learning outcomes are to be met through physical activity as a means of fostering a desire in students to participate in lifelong physical activity.

**General Outcome A: Activity**

*Students will* acquire skills through a variety of developmentally appropriate movement activities; dance, games, types of gymnastics, individual activities and activities in an alternative environment; e.g., aquatics and outdoor pursuits.

- Basic Skills; Locomotor; Nonlocomotor; Manipulative
- Application of Basic Skills in an Alternative Environment, Dance, Games, Types of Gymnastics, Individual Activities

General outcomes B, C and D are interrelated and interdependent and are achieved through involvement in movement activities identified in General Outcome A.



**General Outcome B: Benefits Health**

*Students will understand, experience and appreciate the health benefits that result from physical activity.*

- Functional Fitness
- Body Image
- Well-being

**General Outcome C: Cooperation**

*Students will interact positively with others.*

- Communication
- Fair Play
- Leadership
- Teamwork

**General Outcome D: Do it Daily ... for Life!**

*Students will assume responsibility to lead an active way of life.*

- Effort
- Safety
- Goal Setting/Personal Challenge
- Active Living in the Community

**Exemptions from Physical Education**

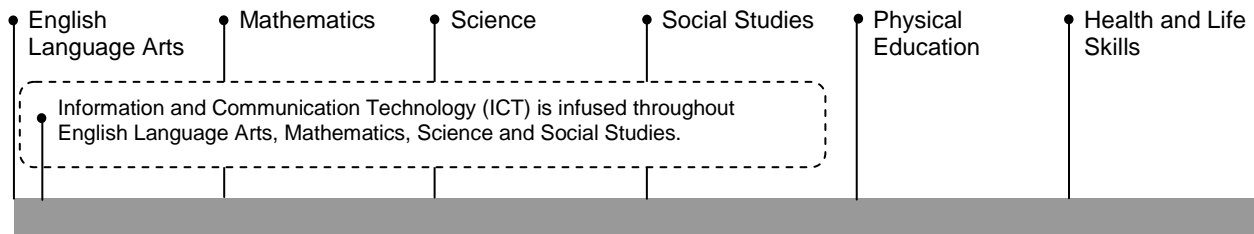
Exemptions from participation in physical education may be given for medical conditions, when accompanied by a medical certificate from a doctor to the principal; for religious beliefs, when accompanied by a statement in writing from the parent to the principal; and where access to facilities is prohibitive. When exemption is granted, activities consistent with the program outcomes should be substituted, where appropriate.

**Physical Education Online**

<http://education.alberta.ca/physicaleducationonline>

The Physical Education Online website provides a wealth of information to support student learning of the K–12 physical education program of studies. The site is organized into three major sections:

- **Program of Studies**—The general outcomes and grade specific outcomes for K–12.
- **Teacher Resources**—Links to authorized resources, the Guide to Implementation, teaching tools, and activities and lessons that address the outcomes for the K–12 physical education program.
- **Home Education**—This portion is designed for parents and teachers to use with students who may be enrolled in an online or home education physical education course.

**GRADE 9: [REQUIRED SUBJECT AREAS]****Health and Life Skills**

View the health and life skills subject page at <http://education.alberta.ca/teachers/program/health.aspx>

The aim of the health and life skills program is to enable students to make well-informed, healthy choices and to develop behaviours that contribute to the well-being of self and others. A comprehensive health program involves a partnership among home, school and community.

**Wellness Choices**

*Students will* make responsible and informed choices to maintain health and promote safety for self and others.

- Personal health
- Safety and responsibility

**Relationship Choices**

*Students will* develop effective interpersonal skills that demonstrate responsibility, respect and caring in order to establish and maintain healthy interactions.

- Understanding and expressing feelings
- Interactions
- Group roles and processes



## Life Learning Choices

*Students will* use resources effectively to manage and explore life roles and career opportunities and challenges.

- Learning strategies
- Life roles and career development
- Volunteerism

## Human Sexuality Education

Schools are required to offer human sexuality education in Grade 4 to Grade 9. Parents have the right to exempt their child from this instruction. Schools will provide alternative learning experiences for those students who have been exempted from human sexuality instruction.

▼ In addition to required subject areas, junior high schools must offer a minimum of two provincially authorized optional courses. Optional courses are designed to reinforce learnings in core courses and to provide opportunities for students to explore areas of interest and career possibilities.

The range of optional subject areas offered by elementary schools varies from school to school depending on such factors as student and parent preferences, facilities and staffing.

## GRADE 9: [OPTIONAL SUBJECT AREAS]

• Career and Technology Studies

• Fine and Performing Arts

• Languages

• Environmental and Outdoor Education

• Ethics

• Locally Developed Courses

### Career and Technology Studies

View the career and technology studies subject page at <http://education.alberta.ca/teachers/program/cts.aspx>

View CTS digital resources on the LearnAlberta.ca website at <http://learnalberta.ca/>

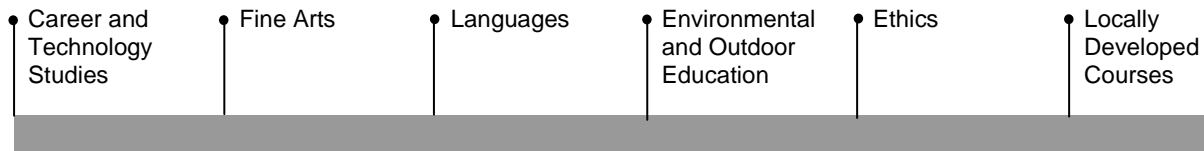
Career and Technology Studies (CTS) is designed to develop skills that senior high school students can apply in their daily lives when preparing for entry into the workplace or for further learning opportunities.

CTS is organized into five clusters:

- Business, Administration, Finance & Information Technology (BIT)
- Health, Recreation & Human Services (HRH)
- Media, Design & Communication Arts (MDC)
- Natural Resources (NAT)
- Trades, Manufacturing & Transportation (TMT).

A cluster is a group of CTS courses that represent occupations and broad industry commonalities. Clusters in CTS are aligned with the National Occupational Classification (NOC) system and function as an organizing tool for the CTS program.

Introductory level courses in CTS clusters, including Business, Administration, Finance & Information Technology (BIT); Trades, Manufacturing & Transportation (TMT); Health, Recreation & Human Services (HRH); Media, Design and Communication Arts (MDC); and Natural Resources (NAT) clusters are considered appropriate for junior high school students.

**GRADE 9: [OPTIONAL SUBJECT AREAS]****Fine Arts**

View the fine arts subject page at <http://education.alberta.ca/teachers/program/finearts.aspx>

Through the Fine and Performing Arts courses of Art, Drama and Music, students develop self-awareness and express their creativity in many ways. They will respond personally and critically to a variety of art, drama and music styles and forms.

**Art**

Students learn how to use traditional and contemporary tools, materials and media to express their feelings, think like artists, value the art creation and value the art form. Three areas form the framework of the junior high school art program:

- Drawings—recording, investigating, communicating, evaluating and articulating aspects of making images
- Compositions—organizations, components and relationships involved in the creation of images
- Encounters—looking at images and artifacts, finding ideas for making art, learning about the art of other times, changing imagery, and learning to understand and appreciate the purposes and effects of art

**Drama**

Drama encourages students to explore a variety of dramatic roles and develop a range of dramatic skills. In the junior high school drama program, students learn about drama and theatre through:

- Movement—physical, nonverbal expression
- Speech—exploration of talking and speaking to communicate ideas effectively
- Improvisation/Acting—acting out an idea or situation

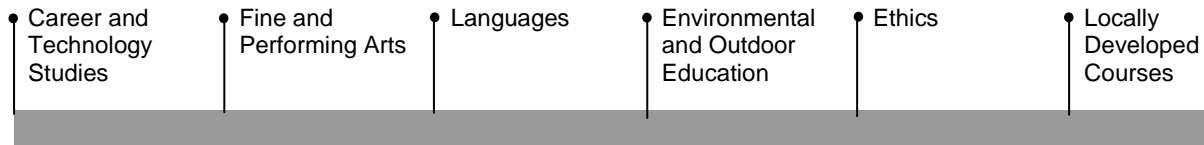
- Theatre Studies—an introduction to the elements of drama and theatre
- Technical Theatre—stage construction and the use of sound, lighting, makeup, costumes, sets and props.

## **Music**

Instrumental music, choral music and general music are the three distinctive, yet related, programs in the junior high school music curriculum. Development in any of these programs requires student involvement as a performer, listener and composer. Five main goals of the junior high school music program are to:

- develop skills in listening to, performing and reading music
- strive for musical excellence
- understand, evaluate and appreciate a variety of music styles
- develop self-expression, creativity and communication through music
- increase awareness of the history of music and the role of music in own lives.

## GRADE 9: [OPTIONAL SUBJECT AREAS]



### Languages

<http://education.alberta.ca/teachers/resources/learnlang/educators/toolkit.aspx>

A variety of courses in languages are available throughout Alberta. These courses include First Nations languages, French and International languages.

Alberta school authorities implement language programs, either:

- by choosing from available provincial programs or
- through a locally-developed course series.

### FIRST NATIONS LANGUAGES

<http://education.alberta.ca/teachers/program/fnmi.aspx>

#### Blackfoot and Cree Language and Culture

Blackfoot and Cree language and culture programs are designed to enable students to learn their respective languages and to increase awareness of their cultures.

**The following learning outcomes are selected from the Blackfoot and Cree Language and Culture Programs of Study.**

#### Blackfoot

- acquire basic communication skills in the Blackfoot language
- develop cultural sensitivity, and enhance personal development
- develop a desire to extend or improve proficiency in the Blackfoot language

#### Cree

- use Cree in a variety of community and school situations and for a variety of purposes
- be effective, competent and comfortable as Cree speakers (*Okiskinamawâkanak ka nihtâ nehiyawewak*)



- live (*wa*)*wētina(hk)* (peacefully) with Mother Earth, others and themselves, guided by *Ômâmawi Ohtâwîmâw* (the Creator)
- know and use various strategies to maximize the effectiveness of learning and communication

## FRENCH

### French Immersion Program

<http://education.alberta.ca/parents/educationsys/frenchlanguage/immersion.aspx>

In Alberta, many students have the opportunity to study in a French immersion program. This program, designed for non-French speaking students, offers an effective way for students to become functionally fluent in French while achieving all of the learning outcomes of the regular programs of study. Graduates from French immersion programs achieve a level of fluency in the target language that allows them to pursue their post-secondary studies in French or to accept employment in a workplace where French is the main language of communication.

There are many delivery models for French immersion present in Alberta schools.

- Early immersion—students begin their immersion experience in Kindergarten and continue in the program to Grade 12.
- Late immersion—the entry point is typically Grade 7.

Courses offered in the French language have as their basis a French version of the English language programs of study, which is identical or comparable to the one used in the English language programs. However, a program of studies specific to French immersion students was developed for the learning/teaching of French language arts. Some of the main French language arts learning outcomes are presented in the following section, French Language Arts.

A resource that may be helpful to parents is *Yes, You Can Help! Information and Inspiration for French Immersion Parents*. It is available for purchase from the LRC.

### French Language Arts

<http://education.alberta.ca/francais/teachers/progres/core/fla.aspx>

At the junior high school level, the French language arts program of studies is intended to continue work started at the elementary level, including vocabulary and sentence structure enrichment, to enable students to engage more actively and effectively in proposed activities. Students become aware of elements that ensure message clarity, such as exact, precise expressions and words, and correct, increasingly complex sentences. They learn to respect the basic rules of language in the oral exchanges that take place in the classroom as well as in their writing projects.

The acquisition of a solid language basis allows students to better understand, clarify and express abstract thoughts. The program of studies also targets the development of the students' ability to plan and monitor their communication projects, whether they are working individually, with classroom partners, or participating in activities organized by the Francophone community. Students become more aware of factors that influence the way they communicate effectively in various contexts.

In **oral comprehension**, students learn to pay particular attention to the organization of a message (text structure and genre) and to their knowledge about the author, producer or broadcast to guide them in their listening. They learn to question their attitudes toward the task and the means they use to overcome difficulties.

In **reading comprehension**, students develop their reading ability by analyzing the task at hand and choosing the best way to tackle more complex passages. They improve their ability to analyze text characteristics for better understanding of internal organization (text structure and genre) and the author's intent.

In **oral production**, students learn the vocabulary and sentence structure that will enable them to express themselves in various contexts. They develop the ability to plan group projects and to interact effectively with their peers.

In **writing**, students gradually learn to develop a work plan that will enable them to complete their writing project more efficiently. They learn to organize and express their ideas clearly, while still respecting the rules of internal text organization and spelling. They also learn to edit their texts using various reference works.

**Note:** The development of basic language skills does not take place in isolated exercises, but rather in context, so that students learn not only the rules but also when and how to apply them.

In Grade 9, learning occurs primarily:

In **oral comprehension** through:

- group work situations
- listening to texts from various subject areas
- listening to newspaper and magazine articles, short stories or excerpts from plays or novels
- listening to audiotapes, such as songs or documentaries
- viewing audiovisual materials.

Students learn to gather information from the broadcaster to focus their listening, note points on which they wish clarification, and tolerate ambiguity.

**In reading comprehension:**

Teachers will select, for their students, texts:

- from the field of information and opinion; e.g., news items, documentaries, letters or texts presenting a point of view
- from the imaginary world; e.g., narratives, poems and songs.

To develop reading strategies, students learn to tackle texts taking into account their organization (e.g., narrative) and develop various ways of annotating texts.

**In oral production:**

The proposed situations should allow students to demonstrate what they already know, what they have learned about a given subject, or to express their opinions based on examples from their readings and their interactions with others. The topics chosen for the presentations may be from another area of study. Students should have had the opportunity to explore topic-related vocabulary in various contexts. In addition to group work situations, Grade 9 students develop their ability to read with expression.

The presentations and discussions should be well structured, with emphasis on:

- the use of expressions or words to describe events and personal experiences
- the use of appropriate verb tenses to express past, present and future experiences when these are described in the same presentation
- the correct use of possessive and demonstrative pronouns.

Emphasis on *discussion* enables students to continue developing their ability to interact with peers. Students are required to agree on the operational rules of the group as well as on their roles and responsibilities with respect to the task.

**In writing:**

Students learn to write texts and pay particular attention to the way they express their feelings and opinions. They also learn to write short stories in which the images created evoke sentiments or emotions.

The main purpose of these activities is to enable students to integrate the basic elements of the written language:

- the selection of a text structure consistent with their communicative intent
- the organization of ideas according to a plan—introduction, development and conclusion
- the agreement of past participles with “*avoir*”
- verb agreement when the subject includes nouns and pronouns in different persons
- punctuation
- spelling.

### **French as a Second Language**

<http://education.alberta.ca/francais/teachers/progres/compl/fsl.aspx>

In Alberta, the French as a Second Language (FSL) Nine-year Program is a course sequence in which the French language is taught as a subject. The goal of the course is to develop students' communication skills in French and acquire an appreciation and understanding of Francophone cultures in Alberta, Canada and the world.

Grade 9 is designed so that students integrate the knowledge and skills they acquired in grades 4 to 8, while expanding their language use so they can:

- understand and communicate orally and in writing the main idea(s) and some details related to the main idea or ideas in oral and written texts dealing with familiar topics, such as sporting events, sports injury and prevention, housing designs and plans, home leisure activities, urban life and rural life, community events and festivities
- gain language knowledge and more sophisticated language structures to understand and communicate messages
- name some trades or professions for which knowledge of French is useful or an asset
- identify Francophone communities at the local, provincial, national and international levels
- do research on Francophone communities at the national and international levels and reflect upon their way of life so as to better appreciate these communities
- demonstrate knowledge of language conventions that are culturally appropriate, such as how buildings, streets and monuments are named in French, the appropriate abbreviations and symbols for measurement (for example, km and m<sup>2</sup>), and the conventions used for informal letters

- continue to develop and refine language learning strategies so as to become more effective and efficient learners of French.

## INTERNATIONAL LANGUAGES

### Bilingual Programs

<http://education.alberta.ca/teachers/program/interlang.aspx>

Students in a bilingual program follow a language arts course in the target language (e.g., Spanish, Ukrainian) in addition to studying English language arts. In these programs, the target language is also used as the language of instruction in other subject areas, such as mathematics, science and social studies.

Students acquire knowledge, skills and attitudes in the areas of listening, speaking, reading, writing, viewing and representing. They learn to use the target language confidently and competently in a variety of situations for communication, personal satisfaction and further learning. They are able to explore, understand and appreciate the cultures of the target language for personal growth and satisfaction, and to participate in and contribute to an interdependent and multicultural global society.

Alberta Education offers the following provincial courses for bilingual program students:

- Chinese (Mandarin) Language Arts
- German Language Arts
- Spanish Language Arts
- Ukrainian Language Arts

### Language and Culture Programs

Students in a language and culture course study the target language (e.g., Ukrainian, German) as a subject area. Language and culture programs are designed to develop language and cultural skills.

Alberta Education offers provincially developed language and culture programs of study for Grade 7 students. At the junior high level in international languages, there are courses that may be taught that are extensions of courses that have begun at earlier entry points: Grade 1 (Italian) or Grade 4 (Chinese, German, Japanese, Punjabi, Spanish, Ukrainian). The Italian Language and Culture (Twelve-year Program) is a continuous, articulated provincial language and culture course sequence that begins at Grade 1 and extends through junior high to Grade 12.

The following language and culture courses are available to students who began their study of a target language in Grade 4:

- Chinese Language and Culture (Nine-year Program)
- German Language and Culture (Nine-year Program)
- Japanese Language and Culture (Nine-year Program)
- Punjabi Language and Culture (Nine-year Program)
- Spanish Language and Culture (Nine-year Program)
- Ukrainian Language and Culture (Nine-year Program)

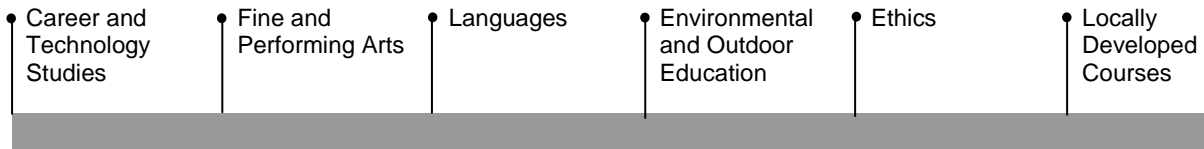
The following language and culture courses are available to students who begin their study of a target language in Grade 7:

- Chinese Language and Culture (Six-year Program)
- German Language and Culture (Six-year Program)
- Italian Language and Culture (Six-year Program)
- Japanese Language and Culture (Six-year Program)
- Spanish Language and Culture (Six-year Program)
- Ukrainian Language and Culture (Six-year Program)

### **LOCALLY DEVELOPED LANGUAGE COURSES**

If there are no available provincial programs of study, school authorities may develop their own language course series. Currently, a variety of languages, e.g., Arabic, American Sign Language (ASL), Hebrew, Polish and Russian, are offered as local courses. Locally developed First Nations language and culture courses may also be available to meet the needs of students in local or First Nations schools.

For more information on second language instruction offered in your area, please contact your local school board.

**GRADE 9: [OPTIONAL SUBJECT AREAS]****Environmental and Outdoor Education**

<http://education.alberta.ca/media/768718/eoed.pdf>

In environmental and outdoor education, students develop interest and competence in outdoor studies and develop an understanding of their relationship to the environment. Environmental and outdoor education can be offered as a single course or as a sequence of courses, and includes:

- the basic knowledge, skills and attitudes required for safe and comfortable experiences
- awareness and appreciation of living things
- understanding of basic ecological processes
- skill, judgement, confidence and sensitivity in a range of environmentally responsible activities in outdoor settings
- lifestyle strategies that encourage responsibility for local and global environments.

**GRADE 9: [OPTIONAL SUBJECT AREAS]**

- Career and Technology Studies
- Fine and Performing Arts
- Languages
- Environmental and Outdoor Education
- Ethics
- Locally Developed Courses

**Ethics**

<http://education.alberta.ca/media/768722/jhethics.pdf>

The ethics course is designed to help students become contributing, ethical and mature persons, and may be offered in Grade 7, Grade 8 or Grade 9. The aim of the course is to help students become more thoughtful, to think of the interests of others, and to see ethical implications in their daily lives. The ethics course includes:

- working definitions of ethics and values
- decision-making skills
- historical values and traditions
- values of different cultural groups
- responsibility to community.



**GRADE 9: [OPTIONAL SUBJECT AREAS]**

- Career and Technology Studies
- Fine and Performing Arts
- Languages
- Environmental and Outdoor Education
- Ethics
- Locally Developed Courses

**Locally Developed Courses**

School authorities may develop and/or acquire courses that are innovative and responsive to local and individual needs. Contact your local school authority for information about locally developed courses authorized for use in your jurisdiction.

## ► Knowledge and Employability

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<http://education.alberta.ca/teachers/program/know.aspx>

Knowledge and Employability is a series of courses rather than a program. This allows schools and students to have some flexibility in offering and selecting the courses based on highest level of achievement and areas of need. These courses begin in the Grade 8 year of schooling and continue through the Grade 12 year of schooling. During grades 8–12 students may enroll in one or more courses at any appropriate entrance/registration date.

Knowledge and Employability courses are designed for the student who meets criteria specified and learns best when the focus is on the development and application of reading, writing and mathematical literacy and when meaningful connections are made between the home, school, workplace and community through experiential learning experiences. This series of courses provide students with opportunities to experience success and become well-prepared for employment, further studies, citizenship and lifelong learning.

Students who successfully complete Knowledge and Employability courses may qualify for a Certificate of High School Achievement. Students may also transfer into courses leading to an Alberta High School Diploma at any time during their senior high school career.

Knowledge and Employability courses consist of both academic and occupational courses at both the junior and senior high school levels.

Academic subjects:

- Knowledge and Employability English Language Arts 8, 9, 10-4, 20-4, 30-4
- Knowledge and Employability Mathematics 8, 9, 10-4, 20-4
- Knowledge and Employability Science 8, 9, 10-4, 20-4
- Knowledge and Employability Social Studies 8, 9, 10-4, 20-4

Occupational strands:

- Workplace Readiness
- Art/Design and Communication
- Auto Mechanics
- Business Services

- Construction: Building
- Construction: Metal Fabrication
- Cosmetology (senior high only)
- Fabrics
- Foods
- Horticulture
- Human Care
- Natural Resources (senior high only).

<http://education.alberta.ca/media/524889/infomanual.pdf>

For more information, refer to the *Information Manual for Knowledge and Employability Courses, Grades 8–12, Revised 2008*. The manual is available on the Alberta Education website or for purchase from the LRC.



## Commonly Accessed Web Links

Alberta Learning Information Services (ALIS)  
<http://alis.alberta.ca>

Alberta Regional Professional Development Consortia  
<http://www.arpdc.ab.ca>

Alberta School Boards Association School Fee Advisory  
<http://www.asba.ab.ca/services/policy-ad-fees07.asp>

Alberta School Council Resource Manual  
<http://education.alberta.ca/media/464094/scm.pdf>

Alberta School Councils' Association (ASCA)  
<http://www.albertaschoolcouncils.ca>

Assessing Student Achievement  
<http://education.alberta.ca/admin/testing/achievement.aspx>

*Curriculum Handbooks for Parents: Senior High School*  
<http://education.alberta.ca/parents/resources/handbook.aspx>

Daily Physical Activity  
<http://education.alberta.ca/teachers/resources/dpa.aspx>

Digital Resources to Support Curriculum Outcomes  
<http://learnalberta.ca>

Grade Level of Achievement (GLA)  
<http://education.alberta.ca/media/938683/09002abedglabrocv2.pdf>

Guide to Education  
<http://education.alberta.ca/admin/resources/guidetoed.aspx>

*Handbook for Aboriginal Parents of Children with Special Needs* (2000)  
<http://education.alberta.ca/media/308566/aboriginalparenthandbook.pdf>

Learning Resources Centre (LRC)  
<http://lrc.education.gov.ab.ca/pro/default.html>

*The Learning Team: A Handbook for Parents of Children with Special Needs* (2003)  
<http://education.alberta.ca/admin/special/resources/learningteam.aspx>

*Middle/Junior High School Student Learning–Career Planner*  
[http://education.gov.ab.ca/k\\_12/curriculum/cardir\\_ir.pdf](http://education.gov.ab.ca/k_12/curriculum/cardir_ir.pdf) [pdf version]  
[http://education.gov.ab.ca/k\\_12/curriculum/JHPlan.doc](http://education.gov.ab.ca/k_12/curriculum/JHPlan.doc) [word version]

Our Treasured Children  
<http://lrc.education.gov.ab.ca/pro/resources/item.htm?item-no=415712>

Provincial Achievement Tests  
<http://education.alberta.ca/admin/testing/achievement.aspx>

**Public Health Agency of Canada**

<http://www.phac-aspc.gc.ca/pau-uap/paguide/>

***School Act***

[http://www.qp.alberta.ca/574.cfm?page=s03.cfm&leg\\_type=Acts&isbncln=9780779733941](http://www.qp.alberta.ca/574.cfm?page=s03.cfm&leg_type=Acts&isbncln=9780779733941)

**School of choice information**

<http://education.alberta.ca/parents/choice.aspx>

***Student Learning—Career Planner Information Booklet***

[http://education.gov.ab.ca/k\\_12/curriculum/cardir.pdf](http://education.gov.ab.ca/k_12/curriculum/cardir.pdf)

## Curriculum Handbook for Parents 2011–2012: Grade 9

### Questionnaire

Please help us to improve this document by taking a few minutes to answer these short questions.

**Circle the phrase that best completes the sentence.**

1. I found the information provided about the specific subject areas was (too specific/just right/too general).
2. I found the web links within the document were (useful/not required/problematic).
3. I found that the contact information provided was (useful/not necessary).
4. I found that the *Commonly Accessed Web Links* page was (useful/not necessary).

**Do you agree or disagree with the following statements?**

1. I believe that the information provided in this document will help me to discuss my child's education with teachers and school administration. (agree/disagree)
2. I was able to locate the information I needed easily. (agree/disagree)
3. This document helped me to locate other online documents and information. (agree/disagree)

**Please tell us more . . .**

I felt that there was enough information in this document about \_\_\_\_\_  
but, I thought that there could have been more information in this document about \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_.

I felt that this document was missing information about \_\_\_\_\_.

**Thank you for sharing.**

*Please send your response to:*

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Fax: 780-422-3745